



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/044,698	01/11/2002	Kenneth L. Davis	30566.213-US-01	7955
22462	7590	03/10/2006	EXAMINER	
GATES & COOPER LLP HOWARD HUGHES CENTER 6701 CENTER DRIVE WEST, SUITE 1050 LOS ANGELES, CA 90045			ALAM, UZMA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2157	

DATE MAILED: 03/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/044,698	DAVIS, KENNETH L.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Uzma Alam	2157

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 January 2006.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1,3-10, 12-19 and 21-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1,3-10, 12-19 and 21-30 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on 11 January 2002 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to the request for reconsideration filed January 3, 2006. Claims 1, 3-10, 12-19, 21-30 are pending. Claims 1, 10, and 19 are amended. Claims 2, 11 and 20 are cancelled. Claims 1, 3-10, 12-19, 21-30 represent distributing revision blocks.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1, 3-10, 12-19 and 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moozakis, "Ford to Share Design on Web-Carmaker salvages legacy system," herein referred to as "Moozakis" in view of Jones et al. US Patent No. 6,493,731

4. Jones teaches the invention as claimed including tracking document history in metadata format (see abstract).

5. Moozakis teaches the invention as claimed including sharing a CAD document over the Internet and storing collaboration data such as revision history (see full document).

6. As per claim 1, Moozakis teaches a method for distributing design document changes comprising:

(a) capturing a n extensible markup language (XML) representation of a revision block of a document wherein:

(i) the revision block documents a history of one or more changes made directly by one or more users to the design document (paragraph 4-6 and 12-14);

(ii) each row of the revision block represents one of the changes (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56; column 6, lines 21-41);

(iii) each row of the revision block comprises a date for the change represented in the row (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56; column 6, lines 21-41); and

(b) distributing the representation via a network service (paragraph 4-6)

Moozakis does not teach (ii) each row of the revision block represents one of the changes; and

(iii) each row of the revision block comprises a date for the change represented in the row
Jones teaches each row of the revision block represents one of the changes (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56; column 6, lines 21-41);
(iii) each row of the revision block comprises a date for the change represented in the row (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56; column 6, lines 21-41); and

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the rows of Jones with the revision history of Moozakis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to document collaboration between two entities (Moozakis pp 9 and 12).

7. As per claim 3, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1. Moozakis does not teach wherein the revision block comprises a table of various document properties. Jones teaches

wherein the revision block comprises a table of various document properties (column 4, lines 60-67; column 6, lines 58-67; column 7, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the table of Jones with the revision history of Moozakis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to standardize the revisions so that all users are familiar with the document (Moozakis pp 2).

8. As per claim 4, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 3, wherein the document properties are customized to meet documentation needs of an organization (pp 2, 4, 7).

9. As per claim 5, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1. Moozakis does not teach wherein the representation is automatically captured. Jones teaches wherein the representation is automatically captured (column 6, lines 41-56).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the capturing of Jones with the revision history of Moozakis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to work in a standard format (Moozakis pp 2, 20).

10. As per claim 6, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the representation is captured transparently to a user (paragraph 13, 14).

11. As per claim 7, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1. Moozakis does not teach wherein the representation is distributed to a consumer of the document such that the consumer is notified of changes in the document without having to refer to the document directly. Jones teaches wherein the representation is distributed to a consumer of the document such that the consumer is notified of changes in the document without having to refer to the document directly (the user can review the document in context of the resource documents; column 5, lines 1-56; column 6, lines 1-21).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the notification of Jones with the revisions of Moozakis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this so that the user, such as a buyer, has immediate access to any changes made to his order.

12. As per claim 8, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1. Moozakis does not teach further comprising:

updating the representation as additional revisions are added to the revision block; and redistributing the representation.

ones teaches further comprising:

updating the representation as additional revisions are added to the revision block (the resources are updated; column 4, lines 46-60; column 12, lines 56-67; column 9, lines 31-67) and redistributing the representation (the resources are stored on the distributed network environment; column 4, lines 46-60).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the notification of Jones with the specification of Moozakis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this so that the user, such as a buyer, has immediate access to any changes made to his order.

13. As per claim 9, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the distributing comprises transmitting the representation to the network service via a network, wherein the network service transmits the representation:

to a web site used to track revisions for a project (pp 4, pp 6);

to a database used for document management (pp 13); and

in an email to a design document consumer (pp 4).

14. As per claim 28, Moozakis teaches the method of claim 1. Moozakis does not teach wherein the revision block further comprises:

A revision number;

A description of each change to the design document; and

A user name for the user that made each change to the design document.

Jones teaches wherein the revision block further comprises:

A revision number (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56);

A description of each change to the design document (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56); and

A user name for the user that made each change to the design document (column 4, lines 29-59; column 5, lines 10-56).

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the revisions of Jones with the revision history of Moozakis. A person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to standardize the revisions so that all users are familiar with the document (Moozakis pp 2).

15. Claims 10, 11-19 and 21-30 are rejected with the same rationale as claims 1, 3-9 and 28 because they because they disclose an apparatus and article of manufacture for the invention, but have the same limitations as claims 1, 3-9 and 28.

Conclusion

16. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

17. Terminology from Direct Dimension, explains different terminology relating to a design document

18. Proficiency White Paper, "Multi-CAD Interoperability: Assessing the Strategic Business Benefits" teaches uses for CAD across different formats.

19. Rappoport US Patent No. 6,614,430 teaches translating documents from one format to another.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Uzma Alam whose telephone number is (571) 272-3995. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Tuesday 5:30 AM - 2:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on (571) 272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Uzma alam
Ua
February 27, 2006



Arif Etienne
PP